



# 10-Day Rainfall & Agromet Bulletin

Department of Meteorological Services



Period: 21 – 31 December 2005

Season: 2005/2006

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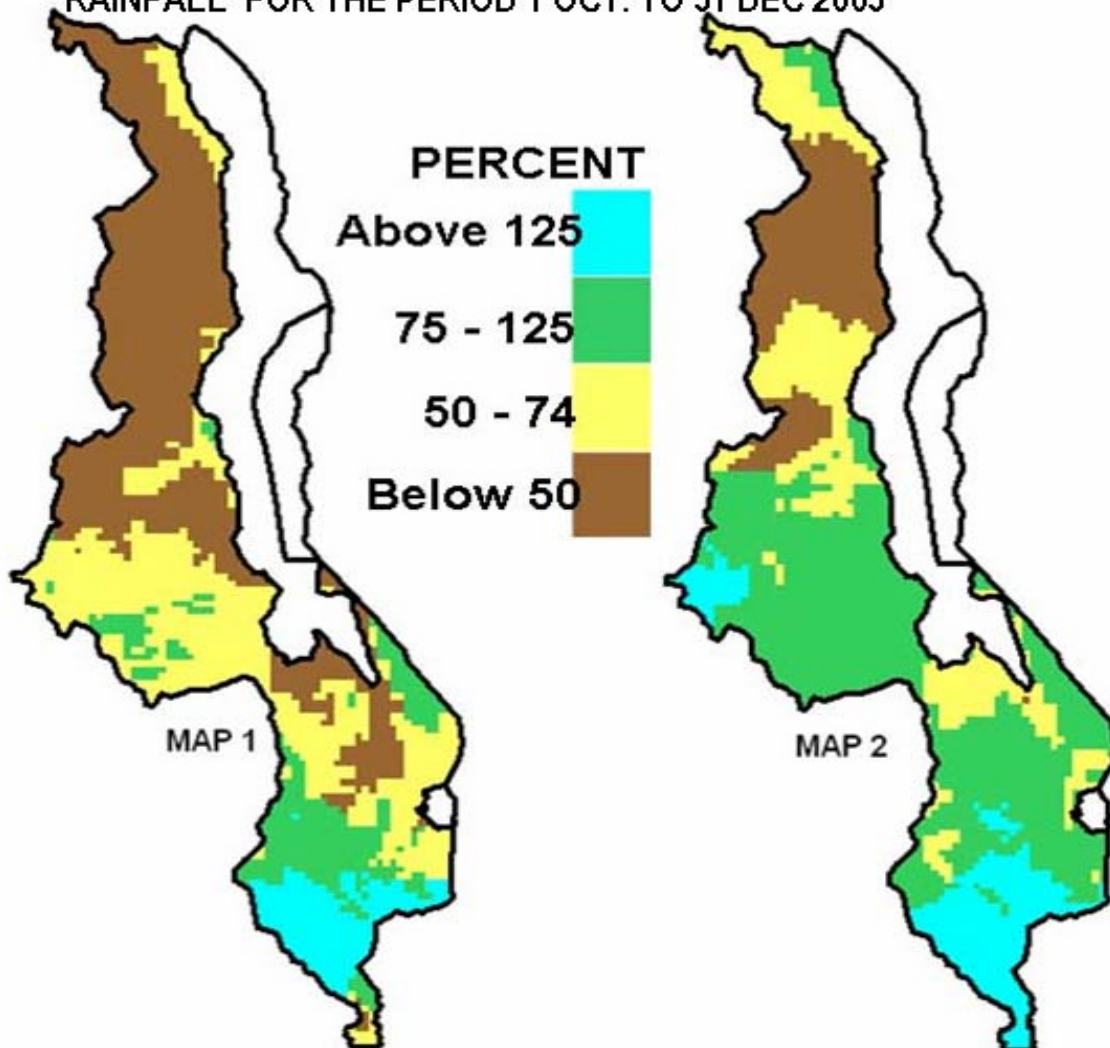
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## HIGHLIGHTS

- Heavy rains experienced in southern Malawi...
- Floods reported in Chikwawa and Nsanje...
- Widespread rains to continue during 1 to 10 January 2006...

MAP 1: 10-DAY RAINFALL FOR 21 – 31 DECEMBER 2005 AS PERCENTAGE OF NORMAL RAINFALL

MAP 2: TOTAL RAINFALL TO DATE AS PERCENTAGE OF NORMAL RAINFALL FOR THE PERIOD 1 OCT. TO 31 DEC 2005



## **. WEATHER SUMMARY**

### **1.1 RAINFALL**

During the period under discussion both rain bearing systems, Congo Air and Inter Tropical convergence Zone (ITCZ), were active over Malawi. As a result rainfall distribution and amounts improved significantly. Some parts of the south and centre recorded between 9 and 11 rainy days with high 10-day rainfall amounts. High rainfall totals above 200mm included 318mm recorded at Lujeri Tea Estate 280mm at Mulanje Boma, 275mm at Mimosa while Thyolo Boma reported 271mm, Nchalo 203mm and Kasinthula 202mm. These amounts were much above the dekadal (10-day) normal for these stations. For instance, Nchalo received above normal rainfall amounts (446%) as the highest. Kasinthula had (381%) well above normal, Mulanje Boma (293%). See Table 1 and Map 1.

Cumulative rainfall expressed as a percentage of normal rainfall indicates that by end of December 2005 most parts of southern and central Malawi had received between 75 and 125% of the expected rainfall amounts for the first half of the season (October to December) with a few areas registering above 125% of the expected rainfall amounts. The north, however, had received below normal rainfall. See Table 1 and Map 2.

### **. MEAN AIR TEMPERATURE**

During the period under review, mean air temperatures over Malawi were generally warm to hot. The mean maximum temperatures ranged from 25 and 34°C. Lower temperatures were mainly reported over highlands. The lowest maximum was reported at Chitedze (25°C) while Ntaja recorded the highest (34°C). See Table 2.

### **. MEAN DAILY WIND SPEEDS**

Mean daily wind speeds measured at a height of 2 meters above the ground were generally light. The average speeds ranged from 0.8 to 2.7 m/s (2.9 to 9.7 Km/hr). The lowest wind speed was reported at Chitedze and Mzimba

while the highest was registered at Salima. See Table 2.

### **. MEAN RELATIVE HUMIDITY**

The daily average relative humidity values over Malawi ranged from 67 to 94%. More areas experienced humid conditions due to a lot of rains that were received during the period. See Table 2.

### **. AGROMETEOROLOGICAL ASSESSMENT**

Good rains, favourable for agricultural production covered most parts of the centre and south while the north generally received light rains in the last 10-days of December 2005. Heavy and continuous rains were experienced in some areas particularly in the south, causing soil water logging and flash floods in Chikwawa and Nsanje districts during the period. Crops and livestock were reported washed away and some houses fallen, rendering some farming families homeless. Reports indicated that farmers needed assistance for maize seed to replant when the waters recede. Meanwhile, people were reported to have difficulties in accessing certain areas as some roads were still impassable due to floods.

The general crop stand in the fields particularly for maize in most areas is reported in good condition, raising prospects for good harvests this season if good rains continue falling up to February and March 2006. Already in some parts of the south and the centre early planted hybrid maize has started tasseling while in the north the main rainfall season has just started and crops are at planting and germination stages.

### **. FORECAST FOR - JANUARY**

Meanwhile, atmospheric conditions indicate that a deep low pressure area in Mozambique Channel will maintain moist and unstable Congo air over Malawi. Therefore, widespread rains that will be locally heavy particularly over southern Malawi are anticipated to continue during the period 1 – 10 January 2006.

**TABLE 1: DEKADAL RAINFALL FOR SELECTED STATIONS FOR  
DEKAD 3 OF DECEMBER 2005: PERIOD 21 - 31**

STATION NAME	DEKADAL	DEKADAL	DEKADAL	TOTAL	NORMAL	TOTAL	RAINY
	TOTAL	NORMAL	TOTAL	TO	TO	TO DATE	DAYS
	RAINFALL		AS %	DATE	DATE	AS %	
SOUTHERN REGION	mm	mm	NORMAL	mm	mm	NORMAL	<sup>≥</sup> 0.3 mm
Bvumbwe Met.	200.7	71.6	280	460.5	345.7	133	10
Chancellor College	180.6	106.5	170	349.7	441.9	79	9
Chichiri Met.	152.8	73.4	208	343.5	352.8	97	9
Chileka Airport	119.2	64.8	184	306.0	301.9	101	7
Chiradzulu Agric	139.6	92.4	151	365.0	343.6	106	7
Kasinthula Res. Stn.	201.7	53.0	381	418.8	228.6	183	8
Liwonde Township	42.9	55.2	78	226.9	236.8	96	7
Lujeri Tea Estate	318.2	125.3	254	607.1	678.2	90	9
Mimosa Met.	274.5	95.7	287	486.0	474.4	102	11
Monkey Bay Met.	67.8	94.6	72	131.9	292.3	45	4
Mulanje Boma	280.1	95.7	293	744.5	524.1	142	8
Namiasi Agric	59.6	74.6	80	169.1	231.2	73	6
Naminjiwa Agric	88.9	82.8	107	218.4	332.2	66	8
Namwera Agric	160.6	78.9	204	293.5	324.0	91	8
Nchalo Sucoma	202.6	45.4	446	256.0	225.6	113	5
Ngabu Met.	193.4	65.2	297	372.6	265.8	140	9
Nsanje Boma	73.7	70.5	105	369.3	294.1	126	7
Ntaja Met.	68.7	64.4	107	141.5	276.6	51	6
Satemwa Tea Est. No.1	160.2	78.1	205	371.6	432.9	86	9
Thyolo Boma	270.6	96.5	280	552.2	376.0	147	9
Thyolo Met	173.2	84.4	205	354.1	386.7	92	10
<b>CENTRAL REGION</b>							
Chitedze Met.	112.7	71.5	158	201.5	292.2	69	9
Dwangwa Sugar Corp.	142.2	88.7	160	227.0	340.4	67	4
Kaluluma DTC	32.6	72.3	45	65.6	248.0	26	6
K.I.A. Met.	91.5	63.6	144	196.6	239.0	82	7
Kasungu Met	48.0	50.9	94	142.8	266.4	54	4
Lifuwu	111.6	104.3	107	202.6	305.2	66	4
Mchinji Boma	121.5	82.9	147	435.2	328.0	133	7
Mwimba Research	73.0	87.8	83	221.2	282.6	78	4
Nkhota kota	93.4	93.4	100	174.1	317.3	55	5
Ntcheu - Nkhonde	152.7	93.9	163	277.3	331.4	84	7
Ntchisi Boma	39.5	74.7	53	153.2	241.1	64	3
Salima Met	99.8	86.9	115	185.0	295.7	63	5
Dedza RTC	78.5	72.5	108	242.0	271.5	89	7
<b>NORTHERN REGION</b>							
Bolero Met	22.5	66.1	34	35.3	244.4	14	4
Chitipa Met	45.8	102.7	45	165.7	303.5	55	6
Emfeni Agric	52.0	66.2	79	81.5	236.2	35	3
Karonga Met.	95.7	70.9	135	172.4	242.6	71	4
Mzimba Met	43.2	74.4	58	131.0	262.3	50	3
Mzuzu Met.	72.8	82.6	88	149.7	362.3	41	6
NkhataBay Met.	58.9	80.5	73	143.7	538.0	27	7
Vinthukutu Agric	93.1	67.0	139	106.6	269.7	40	4

**TABLE 2: AGROMETEOROLOGICAL PARAMETERS  
FOR DEKAD 3 OF DECEMBER 2005**

STATION	MAX TEMP	MIN TEMP	ABS MAX	ABS MIN	WIND SPEED	RH
	(°C)	(°C)	(°C)	(°C)	m/s	%
BVUMBWE	25.3	17.3	27.8	15.5	1.3	88
BOLERO	30.7	19.4	33.8	18.1	1.2	67
CHICHIRI	28.7	20.7	29.0	17.0	1.0	86
CHILEKA	28.7	21.0	31.3	19.5	2.3	81
NTAJA	33.6	23.6	34.2	18.4	2.2	82
CHITEDZE	25.0	19.0	30.2	17.5	0.8	75
CHITIPA	28.2	18.7	N/A	N/A	2.5	68
KASUNGU	28.6	19.7	31.4	18.5	2.0	73
KARONGA	31.6	23.4	25.3	21.0	1.7	68
K I A	27.0	18.4	29.9	16.8	1.5	79
MIMOSA	33.4	22.1	34.5	19.3	1.9	94
MONKEY BAY	30.9	23.4	34.3	21.2	2.3	72
MZIMBA	28.6	18.7	31.6	16.9	0.8	67
MZUZU	27.0	17.0	30.2	15.3	1.8	74
NGABU	31.7	23.9	35.7	22.0	1.9	78
NKHATA BAY	31.3	21.4	35.3	20.3	N/A	77
NKHOTA KOTA	30.9	25.5	33.6	20.8	2.2	71
SALIMA	31.4	23.5	33.9	21.0	2.7	69

**Glossary of some terms on this table**

- RH = Relative Humidity
- Mean Temperature of the day =(Max of the day + Min of the same day )/2
- ABS Max (Min) = Absolute Maximum (minimum) is the highest (lowest) of maximum (minimum) temperatures observed for a given number of days (calendar month) of a specified period of months (years).
- To convert Meters Per Second (mps) to Kilometers per hour (Km/hr) = mpsx3.6